

# **VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY**

## **SOCIOLOGY** (Honours & General)



## **Under Graduate Syllabus** (3 Tier Examination Pattern) w.e.f. 2014-2015

**REVISED**

**Vidyasagar University**  
**Midnapore 721 102**  
**West Bengal**

**Vidyasagar University**

**Honours Course in Sociology  
(Honours)**

**Part-I**

Paper-I: Introduction to Sociology – 100 Marks  
Paper-II: Western Sociological Thought – 100 Marks

**Part-II**

Paper-III: Sociological Theories – 100 Marks  
Paper-IV: Sociology of India – 100 Marks  
Paper-V: Social and Sociological Thought in India – 100 Marks

**Part-III**

Paper-VI: Social Stratification – 100 Marks  
Paper-VII: Research Methodology and Social Statistics – 100 Marks  
Paper-VIII: Sociology of Gender and Social Issues – 100 Marks

**Sociology (Honours)**  
**Part-I**

**Paper – I**

**Full Marks - 100**

**(University Examination - 90 and Internal Assessment - 10)**

**Introduction to Sociology**

***100 Lectures***

**Group – A**

**(Full Marks - 50)**

**1. Nature and scope of sociology**

**10 Lectures**

- 1.1. The sociological perspective
- 1.2. Origins and the history of the disciplined
- 1.3. Sociology and common sense
- 1.4. Sociology as a science of society

**2. Sociological concepts**

**10 Lectures**

- 2.1. Individual and group
- 2.2. Culture
- 2.3. Socialization
- 2.4. Folkways and mores
- 2.5. Social change

**3. Types of society**

**8 Lectures**

- 3.1. Pre modern and modern society
- 3.2. Hunters and gatherers societies
- 3.3. Pastoral and agrarian society
- 3.4. Advanced industrial societies, developing societies and post-industrial society

**4. Social interaction and everyday life**

**12 Lectures**

- 4.1. The study of everyday life
- 4.2. Non verbal communication
- 4.3. Social rules and talk: face, body and speech in interaction
- 4.4. Interaction in time and space

4.5. Micro sociology and Macro sociology

**5. Theoretical Sociology** **10 Lectures**

- 5.1. Functionalism: Functional Perspective to the study of society
- 5.2. Marxism: Conflict perspective to the study of society
- 5.3. Integrationist Perspective

**Group – B** **(Full Marks - 50)**

**6. Family and Marriage** **10 Lectures**

- 6.1. Definition of family
- 6.2. Types of family
- 6.3. Violence within the families
- 6.4. Trends of family
- 6.5. Definition of marriage and types of marriage

**7. Social Control, Deviance and Crime** **18 Lectures**

- 7.1. Social control: Definition
- 7.2. Deviance and Crime
- 7.3. Institutions

**8. Kinship** **10 Lectures**

- 8.1. Definition
- 8.2. Terminology of Kinship
- 8.3. Patterns of kinship

**9. Ethnicity and Race** **10 Lectures**

- 9.1. Ethnicity, prejudice and discrimination
- 9.2. Ethnic antagonism
- 9.3. Ethnicity in the modern world

**10. Social inequality & social movement** **12 Lectures**

- 10.1. Caste

- 10.2. Class
- 10.3. Tribe
- 10.4. Social movements
- 10.5. Collective action

***Recommended Readings:***

- 1. Andre Beteille, 2002, *Sociology: Essays in Approach and Method*, Oxford University Press, Chapter – 1.
- 2. Peter Berger, 1963, *Invitation to Sociology*, Hamondsworth: Penguin, Chapter 1 & 2.
- 3. Himangshu Ghosh: *Giddens Samajtatwa* (In Bengali)
- 4. George Ritzer, 2000, *Classical Sociological Theory*; New York: Mc Graw Hill, Chap. 1.
- 5. Bierstedt, 1974, *The Social Order*, Mc Graw Hill, Part-2 Chap 2,3,4.
- 6. Ritzer, 2004, *The McDonaldisation of Society*, Pine Forge Press, Chap. 1,2.
- 7. Anthony Giddens, 2010, *Sociology* Polity Press.
- 8. A.R. Radcliffe Brown, 1976; *Structure and Function in Primitive Society*, Free Press, Chap 9, 10.
- 9. Tom Bottomore, 1991, *Dictionary of Marxist Thought*, Blackwell Entry on Historical Materialism.
- 10. Marx and Engels, 1998. *The Communist Manifesto*, Signet Classic.
- 11. Yogesh Atal : *Sociology*, Pearson.
- 12. Haralambous & Hallborn : *Introduction of Sociology*, OUP.
- 13. অনিবার্য চক্রবর্তী ও অন্যান্য : *সাম্প্রতিক সমাজতত্ত্ব, চ্যাটার্জী পাবলিশার্স*।

**(University Examination - 90 and internal Assessment)**

**Western Sociological Thought**

**Group – A**

**(Full Marks - 50)**

**1. Historical background of Sociology**

**10 Lectures**

- 1.1. Sociology as a new discipline
- 1.2. Impact of three revolutions - The university revolution, the French revolution and the Industrial revolution.

**2. Auguste Comte**

**10 Lectures**

- 2.1. Intellectual background
- 2.2. Positivism
- 2.3. Hierarchy of sciences
- 2.4. Social statics and social dynamics
- 2.5. Laws of three stages

**3. Herbert Spencer**

**10 Lectures**

- 3.1. Intellectual background
- 3.2. Theory of evolution
- 3.3. Organicist approach
- 3.4. Typologies of societies
- 3.5. Social Darwinism

**4. Emile Durkheim**

**10 Lectures**

- 4.1. Intellectual background
- 4.2. Social fact
- 4.3. The theory of suicide
- 4.4. The division of labour
- 4.5. The theory of religion

**Group – B****(Full Marks - 50)****5. Karl Marx****10 Lectures**

- 5.1. Intellectual background
- 5.2. Dialectical method
- 5.3. Historical materialism
- 5.4. Class and class struggle
- 5.5. The theory of revolution
- 5.6. Base-superstructure relationship

**6. Vilfredo Pareto****10 Lectures**

- 6.1 Intellectual background
- 6.2 Logical and non logical action
- 6.3 Residues and derivations
- 6.4 The Lion and the Foxes
- 6.5 The theory of elites and the circulation of elites

**7. Max Weber****15 Lectures**

- 7.1 Intellectual background
- 7.2 Ideal types,
- 7.3 Social action
- 7.4 Types of authority
- 7.5 Bureaucracy
- 7.6 Stratification
- 7.7 Protestant Ethic and the spirit of capitalism

**8. George Simmel****15 Lectures**

- 8.1 Formal sociology
- 8.2 Individual and society
- 8.3 concept of sociation

***Recommended Readings:***

1. Lewis Coser: *Masters of Sociological Thought*
2. Zeitlin: *Ideology and Development of Sociological Theory*
3. R. Aron: *Main currents in Sociological Thought*
4. Shovanlal Dutta Gupta and Utpal Ghosh - *Marxiyo Samajtatwa* (In Bengali)
5. Santanu Ghosh: *Samajtawik Chintadhar* (In Bengali)
6. Ashely: *Sociological Theory Classical Statement*, 6<sup>th</sup> ed. Pearson
7. Ritzer: *Classical Sociological Theory*, Tata McGraw Hill
8. বেলা দত্তগুপ্ত - অগস্ত্য তু মাক্ষ

## **Part - II**

### **Paper – III**

**Full Marks - 100**

**(University of Examination - 90 and Internal Assessment - 10)**

#### **Sociological Theories**

**Group - A**

**(Full Marks - 50)**

**1. Nature and Task of Sociological Theory:** **12 Lectures**

- 1.1 Definition
- 1.2 Basic elements or Building Blocks of Sociological Theory
- 1.3 Characteristics of Sociological Theory

**2. Functional Theory:** **12 Lectures**

- 2.1. General arguments
- 2.2. Basic premises and propositions
- 2.3. Contribution of Talcott Parsons and Merton
- 2.4. Critical Overview

**3. Conflict Theory:** **12 Lectures**

- 3.1. General arguments
- 3.2. Contributions of Dahrendorf and Coser
- 3.3. Critical Overview

**4. Exchange Theory:** **12 Lectures**

- 4.1. General arguments
- 4.2. Contributions of Homans
- 4.3. Contributions of Blau
- 4.4. Critical Overview

<b>5. Symbolic Interactionism:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
5.1. General Arguments 5.2. Contribution of Mead 5.3. Contribution of Blumer	
<b>6. Critical Sociology:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
6.1. General Arguments 6.2. Frankfurt School: Contribution of Habermas, Adorno and Marcuse	
<b>7. Feminist Sociology:</b>	<b>15 Lectures</b>
7.1. General Arguments: Gender, Sex and Public and Private debate 7.2. Stages of development of feminism 7.3. Varieties of Feminist Sociology	
<b>8. Post - Modern Sociology:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
8.1. General Arguments 8.2. Foucault, Derrida, Jameson and David Harvey	
<b>9. Ethnomethodology:</b> Garfinkel	<b>5 Lectures</b>

**Recommended Readings:**

1. G. Ritzer: *Sociological Theory*
2. Wallace and Wolf: *Contemporary Sociological Theory*
3. J. Turner: *The Structure of Sociological Theory*
4. Sobhanlal Dutta Gupta: *Marxism and Post - Marxism*
5. Amal Chattopadhyay: *Adhunikata, Uttar Adhunikata o Ekti Bikalper Anushandhan* (In Bengali)
6. Ramanuj Ganguly: *Sqmaj Tattik Tattwa* (In Bengali)

7. Judge: *Foundation of Classical Sociological Theory* (Person).
8. Adams & Sydie: *Sociological Theory*, Sage .
9. Malcom Water: *Social Theory*.
10. কৃষ্ণদাস চট্টোপাধ্যায় (সম্পাদিত) : সমাজবিজ্ঞান : তত্ত্বনির্মাণ, শরৎবুক হাউস
11. সুদৰ্শনা সেন ও অনিন্দ্য ভট্টাচার্য : সমকালীন সমাজতত্ত্ব, পিয়ারসন।
12. গান্ধুলী ও মইনুদ্দিন : সমসাময়িক সমাজতত্ত্ব, রীনা বুকস।
13. বাসবী চক্রবর্তী – সমাজতাত্ত্বিক তত্ত্ব, সেতু প্রকাশন
14. চিরঞ্জীব শুর – ফ্লাক্সফুট স্কুল বিশ্বে সংখ্যা: আলোচনা চক্র।
15. অমল বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায় – উত্তর আধুনিকতা ও ফরাসী ভাবুক, এবং মুশেয়রা।

**(University Examination - 90 and Internal Assessment - 10)**

***Sociology of India***

**Group A**

**(Full Marks - 50)**

**1. Introduction**

**5 Lectures**

1.1 The rise of sociology and anthropology in India

**2. Nature of Indian Unity:**

**10 Lectures**

2.1 Unity and diversity

2.2 Sources of diversity

2.3 Social bases of unity

**3. Caste**

**15 Lectures**

3.1 Definition and features

3.2 Persistence and change

3.3 Varna and Jati

3.4 Pollution and purity

3.5 Perception of dominant caste and sanskritization

**4. Tribe**

**10 Lectures**

4.1 Definition and characteristics

4.2 Major social institutions: Marriage, family and kinship

4.3 Economic organization

4.4 Political organization

4.5 Religion

**5. Class**

**10 Lectures**

5.1 Definition and features

5.2 Urban class structure

5.3 Rural class structure

## 5.4 Social mobility

<b>Group B</b>	<b>(Full Marks - 50)</b>
<b>6. India as an object of knowledge</b>	<b>15 Lectures</b>
6.1 Introduction. 6.2 The colonial discourse 6.3 The nationalist discourse 6.4 Subaltern critique	
<b>7. Village</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
7.1 Village solidarity 7.2 Internal regulation	
<b>8. Power structure</b>	<b>15 Lectures</b>
8.1 Power elite in rural India 8.2 Panchayat and municipality 8.3 Local bodies and social change 8.4 Relationship between civil society and state in India	
<b>9. Social change in India</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
9.1 Social change and resistance 9.2 Westernization, modernization and industrialization 9.3 Role of legislation in social change 9.4 Urbanization	
<b>10. Globalization and its impact on Indian Society</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
10.1 Economy: Agriculture and industry 10.2 Culture 10.3 Policies	

### **Recommended Readings:**

1. P. Uberoi et. Al. (2007): *Introduction: The Professionalization of Indian Anthropology and Sociology: Peoples, Places and Institutions in Anthropology in the East: Founders of Indian Sociology and Anthropology*, Delhi, Permanent Black, pp. 1-63.
2. A. Beteille (ed.) 1969: *Social Inequality: Selected Readings* Harmondsworth: Penguin Books, Chapter 13.
3. Swapan Kr. Pramanick: *Sociology of G.S. Ghurye*, Rawat Pub. Jaipur.
4. G.S. Ghurye: *Caste and race in India*.
5. M.N. Srinivas (1962): *Caste in Modern India and other Essay* Bombay, Asia Publishing House Ch.3
6. C.Von Furer Haimendorf (1967): “*The position of the Tribal Population in India*” in Philip Mason, *India and Ceylon: Unity and Diversity*, New York, Oxford University Press Ch 9.
7. V. Xaxa (1999): “*The Transformation of Tribes in India: Terms of Discourse*” in *Economic and Political Weekly*, 34(24), pp. 1519-1524.
8. D.N. Dhanagare(1991): *The Model of Agrarian Classes in India* in Dipankar Gupta (ed.): *Social Stratification*, Delhi, Oxford University Press P. 271-275.
9. Mandelbaum: *Society in India* (Ch. 1,3-5,8-12,20,24, 31, 32, 34)
10. Yogendra Singh: *Modernisation of Indian Tradition* (Ch: 4,5,8)
11. Ganguly O Moinuddin: *Shamashamayik Bharatiya Samaj*, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. Delhi (In Bengali)
12. S.C. Dube: *Indian Society* (ch. 2, 4)
13. Abhijit Pathak: *Globalization & Modernity: A Reflexive Quest*. Akar Books, New Delhi.
14. অনিলকুমাৰ চক্ৰবৰ্তী ও অন্যান্য : ভাৰতীয় সমাজ প্ৰসঙ্গ, চ্যাট্যাঙ্গী পাৰলিশাৰ্স।
15. কৃষ্ণদাস চট্টোপাধ্যায় (সম্পাদিত) : ভাৰতীয় সমাজ : কাঠামো ও প্ৰবাহ; চ্যাট্যাঙ্গী পাৰলিশাৰ্স।

**(University Examination - 90 Internal Assessment - 10)****Social and Sociological Thought in India**

<b><i>Group A</i></b>	<b><i>(Marks-50)</i></b>
1. <b>Development of sociology in India: An overview</b>	<b>6 Lectures</b>
2. <b>Benoy Kumar Sarkar</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
2.1 Positivism	
2.2 Personality	
2.3 Progress	
2.4 Interpretation of Indian tradition	
3. <b>G.S. Ghurye</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
3.1 Approach to sociology	
3.2 Caste and tribe	
3.3 Dynamics of culture and society	
3.4 Religion: Hindu & Muslim	
4. <b>D.P. Mukerji</b>	<b>12 Lectures</b>
4.1 Personality	
4.2 Methodology	
4.3 Interpretation of tradition and social change in India	
4.4 Middle class in India	
5. <b>N.K. Bose</b>	<b>12 Lectures</b>
5.1 Approach to the study of society	
5.2 Structure of Hindu society	
5.3 Hindu method of tribal absorption	

<b>6. Rabindranath Tagore</b>	<b>15 Lectures</b>
6.1 Man, society and personality 6.2 Nationalism & Internationalism 6.3 Education 6.4 Village community 6.5 Co-operative and rural development	
<b>7. M.K. Gandhi</b>	<b>15 Lectures</b>
7.1 Critique of Western Industrialism 7.2 Alternative model of development 7.3 Village reconstruction 7.4 Hind swaraj and, village Republic 7.5 Concept of education ( <i>NaiTalim</i> )	
<b>8. B.R. Ambedkar</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
8.1 Hinduism and Buddhism 8.2 Critique of Vama/caste based society of India 8.3 Dalits and untouchability in India 8.4 Caste, class and democracy	
<b>9. Vivekananda</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
9.1 Socialism & Revolution. 9.2 Personality 9.3 Society & Progress 9.4 Exploitation: & Inequality	
<b>10. Bhupendranath Dutta</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
10.1 Method of Studying Indian Society 10.2 Religion and Society (Relation between Hinduism & Vaisnavism)	

### **Recommended Readings:**

1. Srinivas and Panini: *Development of Sociology and Social Anthropology in India* in *Sociological Bulletin*, 1977, No:2.
2. Ramkrishna Mukherjee: *Sociology of Indian Sociology*.
3. Bela Dutta Gupta: *Sociology in India*.
4. Benoy Kumar Sarkar: *Villages and Towns as Social Life* (Chapter on Personality & Progress)
5. Swapan Kumar Bhattacharya: *Indian Sociology-The Role of Benoy Kumar Sarkar*.
6. Bholanath Bandopadhyay: *The Political Ideas of Benoy Kumar Sarkar*: and “*Sociological Thinking of Benoy Kumar Sarkar*” in *Socialist Perspective*, Vol. 6 No. 4.
7. D.P. Mukerji: *Diversities : Basic Concepts in Sociology*.
8. Surajit Sinha: *Nirmal Kumar Bose* (NBT).
9. Radharaman Chakraborty: “*Tagore, Politics and Beyond*” in Pantham and Deutsch (eds) *Political Thought in Modern India*.
10. M. K. Gandhi: *Hind Swaraj*.
11. Jayantanuj Bandopadhyay: *Social and Political Thought of Gandhi*.
12. Nirmal Kr. Bose: *Studies in Gandhism*.
13. R.N. Tagore: *Nationalism: Shabhyatar shankat, swadshi samaj, samabaya niti, uprekrito palli, bharatbarshe shomobayer boishishto* (Rabindra Rachanabali), (In Bengali).
14. B.R. Ambedkar: *Annihilation of Caste*.
15. W.N. Kabeer - *DR. Ambedkar-A critical Study*.
16. P. Uberoi et.Al. (2007) *Anthropology in the East: Founders of Indian Sociology & Anthropology*, Permanent Black.

17. কৃষ্ণদাস চট্টোপাধ্যায় ও ভোলানায় বন্দোপাধ্যায় (সম্পাদিত) – ভারতীয় সমাজতাত্ত্বিক চিন্তাধারা, শরৎ বুক হাউস।
18. প্রদীপ সেন, বাংলা ভাষায় সমাজবিদ্যা, চর্যাপদ পাবলিকেশন
19. ভূতনাথ দত্ত – বৈষ্ণব সাহিত্যে সমাজতত্ত্ব
20. ভূতনাথ দত্ত – প্রাচীন ভারতীয় পদ্ধতি(৩য় খণ্ড)
21. সত্যব্রত চক্রবর্তী – ভারতবর্ষ: রাষ্ট্রভাবনা, একুশে

### Part-III

**Paper – VI** **Full Marks - 100**  
**(University Examination - 90 and Internal Assessment - 10)**

#### **Social Stratification**

**Group – A** **(Full Marks - 50)**

<b>1. Understanding Social Stratification: Different forms</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
1.1 Natural inequalities and social inequalities	
1.2 Hierarchy and differences	
<b>2. Approaches to study of social stratification</b>	<b>15 Lectures</b>
2.1 Functionalist approach	
2.2 Conflict approach	
2.3 Weberian approach	
2.4 Feminist approach	
<b>3. Social inclusion and social exclusion:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
3.1 Define social exclusion	
3.2 Forms of social exclusion	
3.3 Define marginality	
3.4 Impact of marginality on society	
3.5 Different programmes of social inclusion	
3.6 Relation between social inclusion and marginality	
<b>4. Social Mobility</b>	<b>15 Lectures</b>
4.1 Define social mobility	
4.2 Different form of social mobility	
4.3 Relation between social mobility and poverty	
4.4 Relation between social mobility and education	

<b>5. Social stratification, status and power</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
5.1 Hierarchy of status and power	
5.2 Caste-class-power	
5.3 Caste-status-power	
<b>6. Caste system in India</b>	<b>15 Lectures</b>
6.1 Origin and definition of caste	
6.2 Features of caste system	
6.3 Caste and politics	
6.4 Impact of caste system in contemporary India	
<b>7. Agrarian structure</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
7.1 Agrarian structure in rural India	
7.2 Jajmani system and modern democracy	
7.3 Changing pattern of peasantry in contemporary India	
<b>8. Rural political structure</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
8.1 Traditional caste and village panchayat	
8.2 Panchayati raj before and after 73rd Constitutional Amendment	
8.3 Panchayati Raj and empowerment of women	

**Recommended readings:**

1. A.Beteille (1983) - Introduction in Andre Beteille (ed.): *Equality and Inequality: Theory and Practice* Oxford University Press, Delhi (1-27)
2. D. Gupta (1991) – ‘Hierarchy and Differences’ in Dipankar Gupta (ed.): *Social Stratification* Delhi, Oxford University Press pp 1-27
3. D.V. Gerusky (1994): *Social Stratification*, Boulder: West View Press part, pp.10-34.

4. For Marxist Approach see Part III - pp 65 - 78, 82.
5. For Weberian Approach Part III of the same book pp 112, 113-140, 141154.
6. For Class See Part I and III of the same book pp 65-78, 82-93.
7. For occupation see Part I & III of the same book pp 65-78, 204-228
8. R.Benedix and M. Lipset (eds.) 1966: *Class, Status and Power: Social Stratification in comparative perspective*, New York: The Free Press (Part -I)
9. A.Philips (Ed.) 1987: *Feminism and Equality* Delhi, Oxford University Press. Introduction.
10. Ram Ahuja. 1993. *Indian Social System*; Jaipur, Rawat Publications
11. A.R. Desai. 1979. *Rural India in Transition*, Bombay, Popular Prakashan
12. S.C.Dube. 1988. *India's changing village: Human Factor in Community Development*, Bombay, Himalayan Publishing House.
13. Dipankar Gupta (Ed.) 2007. *Social Stratification*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
14. S.R. Maheswari. 1985. *Rural Development in India*, New Delhi, Sage Publication.
15. কৃষ্ণদাস চট্টোপাধ্যায় (সম্পাদিত) : ভারতীয় সমাজ : কাঠামো ও প্রবাহ, চ্যাটার্জী পাবলিকেশন।
16. Tina Uys and Sujata Patis : Exclusion, Social Capital and citizenship : Orient Blackswan.

**(University Examination - 90 and Internal Assessment - 10)**

***Group A***

***(Full Marks - 50)***

**Research Methods and Social Statistics**

**1. Theory and Research**

**12 Lectures**

- 1.1. Concepts, variables and propositions
- 1.2. Hypotheses: definition, types and characteristics of usable hypotheses.
- 1.3. Links between theory and research
- 1.4. Conceptualization and operationalisation
- 1.5. Qualitative and quantitative research

**2. Research Design**

**10 Lectures**

- 2.1 Stages of research
- 2.2 Types, uses and abuses of social research
- 2.3 Major steps of research design
- 2.4 Methodology versus method
- 2.5 Unit of analysis

**3. Research Method**

**16 Lectures**

- 3.1 Survey research: general components; types
- 3.2 Tools and techniques of survey research (Questionnaire and Interview)
- 3.3 Field Research: General components; observation; design, strategies; secondary analysis, participatory rural-urban appraisal.

**4. Sampling**

**12 Lectures**

- 4.1 Definition: universe, population and sampling
- 4.2 Probability and non probability sampling: typology
- 4.3 Importance of sampling in social research

**5. Statistics****5 Lectures**

- 5.1 Definition- Terminology and Typology
- 5.2 Descriptive Inferential Statistics,
- 5.3 Place of Statistics in Social Research

**6. Levels of Measurement****5 Lectures**

- 6.1 Nominal, ordinal, interval and ratio
- 6.2 Continuous and discrete variables
- 6.3 Ratio, proportion and percentages
- 6.4 Measurement and statistics

**7. Frequency Distribution****10 Lectures**

- 7.1 Grouping of Data
- 7.2 Cumulative frequency
- 7.3 Percentage distribution

**8. Graphic Techniques****10 Lectures**

- 8.1 Bar diagram
- 8.2 Pie chart
- 8.3 Frequency polygon and histogram
- 8.4 Ogive
- 8.5 Graphic presentation of measurement

**9. Measurement of Central Tendency****10 Lectures****10. Measures of Dispersion****10 Lectures****Recommended Readings:**

1. Baker: *Doing social research*
2. F.G. Bailey: *Methods of Social Research* (Ch. 1,3)

3. Babbie: *The Practice of Social Research.* (Ch. 2)
4. N.Jayaram: *Sociology: Methods & Theory* (Macmillan)
5. Elifson & others: *Fundamental of Social Statistics* (Ch. 1-8).
6. Blalock: *Social Statistics*
7. Goon and Aich: *Statistics for the Social Science*
8. N.G.Das : Statistical Method (Vol. I) Tara Magro hill.
9. অমিত ভৌমিক এবং তপন ভট্টাচার্য: সামাজিক পরিসংখ্যা, প্রগ্রেসিভ পাবলিকেশন।
10. কৃষ্ণদাস চট্টোপাধ্যায়, সামাজিক গবেষণা; পদ্ধতি ও প্রক্রিয়া, আরামবাগ বুক হাউস।
11. সুব্রত চ্যাটার্জী: সামাজিক গবেষণা পদ্ধতি।
12. N.G.Das : Statistical Methods (Vol. 1), (2001), Tata Mcgraw Hill
13. Garrett : Statistics in Educational Researcher.
14. Byran: Survey Research Oup.

**(University Exam - 90 and Internal Assessment - 10)****Group A****(Full Marks - 50)****Sociology of Gender and social Issues**

1. <b>Gendering Sociology</b>	<b>5 Lectures</b>
2. <b>Gender as a social construct</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
2.1 Sex, gender, sexuality	
2.2 Production of masculinity and femininity	
2.3 Debate on public and private domain	
3. <b>Theories on sexuality and subjectivity</b>	<b>15 Lectures</b>
3.1 Liberal theory	
3.2 Radical theory	
3.3 Psychoanalytic theory	
3.4 Post-structuralist theory	
4. <b>Development and Indian Nation State</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
4.1 Politics, five year plans and reports (towards equality)	
4.2 Debate on land rights of women	
4.3 Household: production and reproduction	
4.4 Labour market: formal and informal sector and the question of gender	
5. <b>Women, employment and global economy</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
5.1 Women and paid employment: capitalism and patriarchy	
5.2 Women as unpaid labour: wages for house-work debate	

**Group B****(Full Marks – 50)**

6. <b>Indian Social Issues</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
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6.1 Population	
6.2 Concept & Theories (Malths & Demographic Transition)	
6.3 Trends	
6.4 Policy	
6.5 Appraisal	
<b>7. Poverty, Unemployment &amp; Illiteracy</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
7.1 Definition, Causes & Consequences	
<b>8. Ecology &amp; Environment</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
8.1 Concept	
8.2 Sustainability (Conservation, Displacement)	
<b>9. Secularism, Communalism &amp; Regionalism</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
9.1 Definition	
9.2 Causes & Consequences (conception)	
<b>10. Domestic sphere:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
10.1 Violence against women & children	
10.2 Youth alienation	
10.3 Old age problem	

**Recommended Readings:**

1. For gendering sociology see S. Jackson and S.Scott (eds.) 2002. *Gender: A Sociological Reader* London; Routledge. Introduction. For sex, gender and sexuality see Chapters 1, 2 and 4).
2. For Masculinity and Femininity see Andrea Cornwall and Lindisfarne Nancy (1994) 'Dislocating masculinity: Gender, Power and anthropology' in Cornwall and Lindisfarne (eds) *Dislocating Masculinity: Comparative ethnographies*, Routledge: London 2 New York pp 11-47.
3. For gender, class, caste, race see S. Jackson and S.Scott (eds) 2002 *Gender: A sociological Reader*, London: Routledge. Introduction and chapters (7,9,10 and 12)
4. See the same book for power and subordination, Introduction and chapters 22 and 25. For family, work and property rights see chapters 13,15,20,21 & 23.  
And Bina Agarwal 1988 'Who sows? Who reaps? Women and Land Rights in India' *Journal of Peasant Studies* 15(4): 531-81.
5. Leela Dube 1996 "Caste and Women" in M.N. Srinivas (ed.) *Caste: Its twentieth century avatar*, N .Delhi Viking Penguin.
6. Angela Y. Davis 1981 *Women, Race & Class*, Women's Press, chapters (2 and \$)
7. For Resistance and Movements see Deniz Kandiyoti 1991 'Bargaining with patriarchy' in Judith Lorber and Susan A. Farrell (eds.) *The Social Construction of Gender*, New Delhi: Sage Publication pp. 104-118.
8. Chandra Talpade Mohanty, 1991: 'Cartographies of Struggle: Third world women and the politics of Feminism, in Chandra Mohanty and others (Eds.) *Third World Women and the Politics of Feminism*, Bloomington: Indiana University Press.

9. For debate on Public and Private domain.
10. Partha Chatterjee - *Nation and its fragments*, OUP, New Delhi.
11. J. Ghosh, 2009. *Never done and poorly paid: Women's work in Globalising India*, New Delhi: Women Unlimited (For Women employment and global economy).
12. Jane Freedman. 2002. *Feminism*, New Delhi: Viva Books (For Gender and citizenship and women employment [Pg 41-42, 47-53]
13. N. Kabeer. 1995. *Reversed Realities*, London: Verso
14. K.Kapadia (Ed.) 2002. *Violence of development: the politics of Identity, gender and social inequalities in India*: New Delhi: Zubaan
15. N. Menon (Ed.) 1999. *Gender and Politics in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
16. N.Viswanathan et at. (Eds). 1997. *The Women, Gender and Development Reader*, New Delhi: Zubaan.
17. A.M. Saba: *Writings of A.M. shah*, Orient Blackswan.
18. Sinha & Zakari : *Elements of Demography*
19. Esanul Haque: *Social Demography*
20. Ram Ahuja: *Indian Social Problems*, Rawat Pub.
21. বাসবী চক্রবর্তী (সম্পাদিত) : নারী পৃথিবী, বহস্বর, উর্মী প্রকাশনী।
22. রাজ্যস্থী বসু ও বাসবী চক্রবর্তী : প্রসঙ্গ মানবী বিদ্যা, উর্মী প্রকাশনী।
23. রাজশ্রী বসু : নারীবাদ, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্যন্ত।
24. শেফালী মেত্র : নারীবাদ ও নেতৃত্বকৃত।
25. বাসবী চক্রবর্তী : সাম্প্রতিক সামাজিক সমস্যা, উর্মী প্রকাশনী।
26. অনিরুদ্ধ চক্রবর্তী : সামাজিক সমস্যা, চ্যাটাওজ্জী পাবলিকেশন।

**VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY**

**SOCIOLOGY (General)**

**Total Marks: 400**

**Part - I (Total Marks - 100)**

Paper - I: Introductory Sociology : 100 Marks

**Part - II (Total Marks - 200)**

Paper - II: Sociological Thought : 100 Marks

Paper- III: Society in India : 100 Marks

**Part – III (Total Marks -100)**

Paper - IV: Indian Social Issues : 100 Marks

## **Sociology (General)**

### **Part-I**

**Paper - I: Introductory Sociology** **100 Lectures**

**(University Examination - 90 & Internal Assessment - 10)**

**Group – A** **(Full Marks - 50)**

**1. Nature and scope of Sociology:** **10 Lectures**

- 1.1. Definition, nature and subject matter of sociology
- 1.2. Scope of sociology
- 1.3. Sociology as a science
- 1.4. Relationship of sociology with other social sciences: Political Science, Economics, Social Anthropology, History and social Psychology.

**2. Sociological concepts :** **10 Lectures**

- 2.1 Society as a process and as a structure
- 2.2 Community
- 2.3 Association
- 2.4 Institution
- 2.5 Organization
- 2.6 Culture and Civilization
- 2.7 Folkways and Mores
- 2.8 Customs
- 2.9 Norm and value
- 2.10 Role and status
- 2.11 Social Order

**3. Personality and Socialization:** **10 Lectures**

- 3.1 Definition and traits of personality
- 3.2 Relative role of heredity and environment in the development of personality
- 3.3 Meaning and agencies of socialization
- 3.4 Importance of socialization
- 3.5 Process of socialization

3.6 Deprived socialization	
<b>4. Social Groups:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
4.1 Definition and characteristics:	
4.2 Factors of group life	
4.3 Importance of social groups	
4.4 Types of social groups - (a) primary and secondary groups, (b) formal and informal groups, (c) in-group and out-group, (d) Reference group (e) quasi group (f) Organized and unorganized group	
<b>5. Social processes:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
5.1 Social Interaction: Meaning and definition	
5.2 Nature of social interaction	
5.3 Forms of social interaction: Cooperation, competition, conflict, accommodation, exchange, assimilation, acculturation.	
<b>Group – B</b>	<b>(Full Marks - 50)</b>
<b>1. Social Stratification:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
1.1. Meaning and characteristics	
1.2. Dimensions of stratification	
1.3. Forms of stratification - (a) Estate (b) class (c) caste (d) slavery (e) status (f) social mobility - horizontal and vertical	
1.4. Social inequality	
<b>2. Institution:</b>	<b>8 Lectures</b>
2.1 Definition	
2.2 Interrelationship among educational and religious institutions: familial, economic, political,	

<b>3. <i>Family:</i></b>	<b>12 Lectures</b>
3.1 Definition 3.2 Forms of family 3.3 Structure and functions of family 3.4 Types of family 3.5 Changing dimension of family pattern 3.6 Marriage and kinship in India 3.7 Family disorganization	
<b>4. <i>Social Control:</i></b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
4.1 Meaning and nature 4.2 Significance of social control 4.3 Agencies of Social control: religion, education, law and mass media. 4.4 Types of social control: formal and informal 4.5 Conformity and deviance	
<b>5. <i>Social Change:</i></b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
5.1 Definition, nature and characteristics 5.2 Causes of social change 5.3 Sources of social change 5.4 Factors of social change 5.5 Social change, social evolution and social progress 5.6 Concept of cultural lag	

**Recommended Readings:**

**References:**

1. R. M. MacIver and Page: *Society: An Introductory Analysis*.
2. M. Francis Abraham: *Contemporary Sociology*
3. P. Gisbert: *Fundamentals of Sociology*
4. Peter Worsley: *Introducing Sociology*

5. T.B. Bottomore: *Sociology*
6. Giddens: *Sociology*
7. Alex Inkeles: *What is Sociology ?*
8. G.Rocher: *A general introduction to Sociology*
9. Haralambos and Herald: *Sociology - Themes and perspectives*
10. Yogesh Atal: *Sociology*, Pearson.
11. গান্ধুলি ও মইনুল্দিন : সমসাময়িক সমাজতত্ত্ব, রীনা বুকস।
12. পার্থসারথি দে: সমাজতত্ত্বের ইতিবৃত্ত, পিয়ারসন।
13. অনিবৃত্ত চক্রবর্তী: সাম্প্রাতিক সমাজতত্ত্ব, চ্যাচাঞ্জী পাবলিকেশন।

## PART-II

**Paper-II** **Full Marks -100**  
**(University Exam -90 & Internal Assessment -10)**

### Sociological Thought

**Group A** **Full Marks - 50**

1. <b><i>Emergence and development of sociology:</i></b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
1.1 Historical background of the emergence of sociology as a new discipline.	
1.2 Transition from social philosophical thought to sociological thought.	
1.3 Development of sociological thought in India - A brief account.	
2. <b><i>Auguste Comte :</i></b>	<b>20 Lectures</b>
2.1 Law of three stages	
2.2 Positivism	
2.3 Hierarchy of sciences	
2.4 Social statics and social dynamics	
3. <b><i>Herbert Spencer:</i></b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
3.1 Intellectual background	
3.2 Organic analogy	
3.3 Theory of social evolution	
3.4 Ideas of laissez faire	

**Group B:** **Full Marks – 50 marks**

4. <b><i>Emile Durkheim :</i></b>	<b>20 Lectures</b>
4.1 Intellectual background	
4.2 Concept of society as <i>sui generis</i>	
4.3 Social fact,	
4.4 Division of labour	
4.5 Suicide	
4.6 Religion	

5. <b>Karl Marx:</b>	<b>20 Lectures</b>
5.1 Intellectual Background	
5.2 Dialectical-historical materialism	
5.3 Class and class struggle	
5.4 Social change	
6. <b>Max Weber:</b>	<b>20 Lectures</b>
6.1 Intellectual background	
6.2 Ideal types	
6.3 Social actions	
6.4 Types of authority :	
6.5 Bureaucracies	
6.6 Protestant ethic and the spirit of capitalism	

### **Recommended Readings:**

1. Abraham and Morgan - *sociological thought*
2. Lewis A. Coser - *Masters of Sociological Thought*
3. Bela Dutta gupta - *Sociology in India*
4. A. Swingewood - *A Short History of Sociological Thought*
5. George Ritzer - *Classical Sociological Theory*
6. H.E. Barnes - *Introduction to History of Sociology*
7. শান্তনু ঘোষ - সমাজতাত্ত্বিক চিন্তাধারা, চ্যাটার্জী পাবলিশার্স।

**(University Examination - 90 and Internal Assessment - 10)**

**Society in India/Indian Society**

**Group – A**

**Full Marks – 50**

**1. *Society in Pre-British India:***

**10 Lectures**

- 1.1. Indian Feudalism
- 1.2. Land ownership pattern
- 1.3. Self sufficient village economy
- 1.4. Jajmani System

**2. *Impact of British rule on Indian Society:***

**2.1 Transformation of Indian agriculture:**

**10 Lectures**

- 2.1.1 Introduction of private property
- 2.1.2 New land revenue system
- 2.1.3 Commercialization of agriculture
- 2.2 Breakdowns of traditional Indian villages
- 2.3 Growth of poverty and rural indebtedness
- 2.4 Rise of new social classes (rural and urban)
- 2.5 Decline of town handicrafts and village artisan industries
- 2.6 Westernization

**3. *Society in Modern India:***

**10 Lectures**

- 3.1 Unity and diversity in Indian society
- 3.2 Problems of national integration
- 3.3 Impact of west and modernization in India;

**4. *Rural development in India:***

**10 Lectures**

- 4.1 Meaning and strategies of rural development
- 4.2 Panchayati raj
- 4.3 Decentralized governance
- 4.4 Role of panchayat in rural development with special reference to west Bengal
- 4.5 Land reform programmes with special reference to west Bengal

<b>5. Industrialization and urbanization:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
5.1 Meaning of industrialization	
5.2 Meaning of urbanization	
5.3 Impact of west in industrialization and urbanization	
5.4 Industrialization and urbanization in modern India: their social effects	

**Group B** **(Full Marks - 50)**

<b>6. Family:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
6.1 Family, marriage and kinship patterns in Indian society.	
6.2 Causes and consequences of changing family and marriage pattern in modern India	
6.3 Inter-caste marriage	
6.4 Divorce in marriage	
<b>7. Caste System:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
7.1 Meaning and features	
7.2 Changing dimension of caste system	
7.3 Social mobility in the caste system: sanskritization	
7.4 Caste conflict	
7.5 Caste dynamics	
7.6 Caste and class	
<b>8. Tribe:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
8.1 Meaning and features	
8.2 Development strategies for their upliftment	
8.3 Reservation policy	
<b>9. Religion:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
9.1 Meaning	
9.2 Recent trends in religion: secularization	
9.3 Communalism	
9.4 Religions in India	
<b>10. Status of women:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
10.1 Position of women in India	

10.2 Rights of women

10.3 Changing status of women

10.4 Role conflict of women/ dual role of working women

**Recommended readings:**

1. Ram Ahuja: *Indian Social System*.
2. A. R. Desai: *Social Background of Indian Nationalism*.
3. A.R. Desai - *Rural sociology in India*
4. M.N. Srinivas: *Social change in India*
5. S.C. Dube: *Indian society*
6. P.C. Deb - *Rural sociology - An introduction*
7. David Mandelbaum – Society in India, Popular Prakashan.
8. গান্ধুলি ও মহিনুদিন – সমসাময়িক ভারতীয় সমাজ, PHI.
9. কৃষ্ণদাস চ্যাটার্জী (সম্পাদিত) : ভারতীয় সমাজ : কাঠামো ও প্রবাহ, চ্যাটার্জী পাবলিশার্স।
10. অনিলন্দ চৌধুরী – ভারতীয় সমাজ প্রসঙ্গ, চ্যাটার্জী পাবলিশার্স।
11. এস. সি. ডুবে – ভারতীয় সমাজ, N.B.T.

## **PART-III**

**Paper-IV**

**Full Marks -100**

**(University Examination - 90 & Internal Assessment - 10)**

### **Indian Social Issues**

**Group A**

**(Full Marks - 50)**

- 1. *Rural sociology:*** **10 Lectures**  
1.1 Definition and scope  
1.2 Importance and significance of studying Rural Sociology in India.
  
- 2. *Village Studies:*** **10 Lectures**  
2.1 Importance and significance of village studies in India  
2.2 Village studies: M. N. Srinivas, S. C. Duse, R. K. Mukherjee, Yogesh Atal  
2.3 Problems of undertaking village studies in India.
  
- 3. *Population study:*** **10 Lectures**  
3.1 Fertility, mortality and migration  
3.2 Social and cultural factors affecting fertility in developing countries  
3.3 Population explosion: causes and consequences  
3.4 Problem of poverty and unemployment
  
- 4. *Social movements:*** **10 Lectures**  
4.1 Meaning of social movement.  
4.2 Peasant movement  
4.3 Dalit movement  
4.4 Women's movement

**Group B**

**(Full marks - 50)**

- 5. *Social disorganization:*** **10 Lectures**  
5.1 Meaning of social disorganization  
5.2 Characteristics of social disorganization  
5.3 Causes of social disorganization  
5.4 Deviant behaviour

<b>6. Social problems in India:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
6.1 Sociological approach to social problems;	
6.2 Definition and nature of social problems in India;	
6.3 Juvenile delinquency	
6.4 Old-age problem	
6.5 Drug and addiction	
6.6 Illiteracy	
<b>7. Environmental problem:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
7.1 Meaning and nature of environment and ecology	
7.2 Environment crisis and awareness	
7.3 Steps in tackling environmental crisis	
7.4 Nature of environmental problem in India	
7.5 Environmental movement in India	
<b>8. Women's problem:</b>	<b>10 Lectures</b>
8.1 Violence against women	
8.2 Dowry	
8.3 Divorce	

### **Recommended readings:**

1. B.K. Nagla: *Indian Sociological Thought*
2. Ram Ahuja : *Social Problems in India*
3. G. Forbes:, *Women in Modern India.*
4. Bela Dutta Gupta: *Contemporary Social Problems in India*
5. G.R. Madan: *Indian Social Problems*, 2 volumes
6. B. Kuppuswami: *Social Change in India*
7. M.S.A. Rao – *Social Movements in India.*
8. Ghanashyam Shah – *Social Movements in India*, Sage.
9. বাসবী চক্রবর্তী – ভারতীয় সামাজিক সমস্যা, উর্মি প্রকাশনী।

10. কৃষ্ণদাস চট্টোপাধ্যায় ও ভোলানাথ বন্দেয়োপাধ্যায় (সম্পাদিত)- ভারতীয় সমাজতাত্ত্বিক চিন্তাধারা, চলভাস্তু বুকস।
11. কৃষ্ণদাস চট্টোপাধ্যায় ও অনিলকুমাৰ চৌধুৱী (সম্পাদিত) - ভারতেৰ সামাজিক আন্দোলন, শৱৎ বুক হাউস।
12. অনিলকুমাৰ চৌধুৱী - ভারতেৰ সামাজিক সমস্যা, চ্যাটোজী পাবলিশাৰ্স।